Business, Nothing Personal Behavioral antitrust

SHASTITKO ANASTASIA Lomonosov Moscow State University, New School for Social Research

Possible approaches

- As an alternative theory for antimonopoly law enforcement
- An an explanation for antimonopoly policy

Agenda

- Role of behavioral economics in the hard core of antitrust policy
- 1. Abuse of dominant position
- 2. Agreements and concerted actions restricting competition
- 3. Merger control
- Main perspectives for behavioral antitrust
- 1. New types of markets
- 2. New types of infringements
- 3. New borders of competition policy
- 4. Collaboration with different policies (bonus)
- Limitations of behavioral antitrust

Abuse of dominant position

- Inconsistency between legal and economic concepts of market power
- Qualification of position as a motive

Agreements and concerted actions restricting competition

- Concept of collective dominance
- Question about the relationship between market structure and conduct

Merger control

- Assumption about profitability of merger
- Conditions for approved mergers

New types of markets

- Significant effect of cognitive biases
- New concept of returns to scale

New types of infringements

- Exploitation of cognitive biases
- ■The area of responsibility of antitrust authorities

New borders of competition po

- New types of infringements
- Competition as a remedy for cognitive biases

Limitations

- Ambiguity of effect of cognitive biases
- Theory of behavioral economics is undeveloped

Thank you!